

Louisville Evening Courier

OLD SERIES—VOL. XXV.

LOUISVILLE, WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 23, 1869.

NEW SERIES—VOL. I, NO. 57.

Daily Weather Bulletin.

By Western Union Telegraph Lines for June 23, 9 A. M.

CITIES.	WIND.	TEMP.	WEATHER.
Louisville	W	74	Clear.
Nashville	W	70	Clear.
Memphis	E	72	Cloudy.
Pittsburg	W	72	Cloudy.
Chicago	NW	66	Clear.
St. Louis	W	68	Clear.
Indianapolis	W	68	Clear.
St. Paul	W	68	Clear.
Philadelphia	W	68	Clear.
Baltimore	W	68	Clear.
Washington	W	68	Clear.
San Francisco	W	68	Clear.
Portland	W	68	Clear.
San Jose	W	68	Clear.
San Diego	W	68	Clear.
San Antonio	W	68	Clear.
San Marcos	W	68	Clear.
San Juan	W	68	Clear.
San Pedro	W	68	Clear.
San Blas	W	68	Clear.
San Felipe	W	68	Clear.
San Luis	W	68	Clear.
San Carlos	W	68	Clear.
San Juan	W	68	Clear.
San Pedro	W	68	Clear.
San Blas	W	68	Clear.
San Felipe	W	68	Clear.
San Luis	W	68	Clear.
San Carlos	W	68	Clear.

THE CITY.

City Council.

This honorable body meets in the Council chamber, corner of Sixth and Jefferson, to-morrow evening, at 8 o'clock.

New Uniforms.

The Philharmonic band, engaged by the Masons of this city to attend them to New Albany to-morrow, will come out on the occasion in splendid gray uniforms.

Speaking in Butchertown Tonight.

Dr. Leavitt will speak in Butchertown to-night, opposite the distillery, on the money question. Messrs. Winchester and Boutwell will pass under review.

An Able Treatise.

We find upon our table an able "Treatise on Alveolar Abscess," by Dr. W. H. Shadon, D. D. S. It is an excellently compiled and written dental document, and every dentist should peruse it.

Died.

John Breille, the young painter who fell from a scaffold upon which he was at work, at the corner of Milk and Shelby streets, on Monday, died from his injuries at 10 o'clock yesterday morning.

Continued.

The arson case, in which Mrs. Hetzel and her son are suspected of having set fire to the former's millinery store on Market street, before Shelby, last Sunday morning, was called in Police Court this morning and continued till Friday.

Stampede.

Two spirited horses escaped from a stable on First street, last evening, and went tearing along that thoroughfare at railroad speed, making the crowds of people on the street scream in great haste and disorder to prevent being run over by the wild animals.

The Moore-Stimmell Case.

This case continues to engross the time and attention of the U. S. District Court. The trial has now entered upon its third day, with no more prospect of coming to an end than at the close of the first day's proceedings.

Success to Him.

There was a distinguished arrival at the house of the efficient clerk of the Common Council, Mr. John M. Vaughan, at six o'clock last Friday evening. It is a boy, and weighs thirteen pounds. We congratulate you, John, and wish all sorts of good things for his future.

Fire Alarm.

The alarm of fire at about noon to-day, was occasioned by the roof of a two-story brick house on the southwest corner of Jefferson and Tenth streets, catching fire from a defective flue. The firemen, with their usual alacrity, were on hand, and extinguished the fire before any considerable damage was done.

Wants to Die.

Virginia Ingraham, who was sent to the workhouse the other day for disturbing the peace of her aged and worthy mother, has made several attempts and threats to commit suicide. Colin Alfriend, the efficient keeper of the workhouse, keeps a watch over the unfortunate woman to prevent her from carrying her desire to suicide into execution.

Mathematical Calculation.

The precision with which some express wagon drivers in the city stop their teams exactly on the middle of the crosswalks is an interesting specimen of mathematical nicety. The inflexibility with which they maintain this position, regardless of the wants or convenience of persons wishing to cross affords, a fine exhibition of firmness of purpose.

Nazareth Academy.

The Louisville & Nashville Railroad will run a special train to Bardonia for those who wish to attend the closing exercises at Nazareth Female Academy near that place. The train will leave the depot at 6:45 A. M., precisely. Nazareth has 300 scholars this session, including 19 graduates. It is the most flourishing Catholic school in the South-west, and now, as in years past, is almost unrivaled in the country.

Louisville Hotel.

This old and popular hotel, so long and favorably known all over the country, has been entirely renovated and refurbished, and needs only to be tried to be liked by the stranger. The proprietors, courteous and gentlemanly in every sense of the word, neglect nothing that can conduce to the comfort of their guests. The location of the Louisville is most favorable for business men and the travelling public, and is conducted on strictly first-class principles. We refer the reader to the advertisement in another column.

THE STREETS.

Their Attractions and Nuisances.

Probably no city on the continent, of equal population, can surpass Louisville in the way of street "characters."

The other day a genuine street ballad, singer, such as one may find in the principal thoroughfares of any great European city, exulted the frequenters of a Market-street market with a "song," the burden of which was his "Lavin" for America's, blindness awakening and working a charity which his musical talent failed to do. Near by, on an adjacent street corner, two blind violinists sawed passable break-downs to a steady crowd. Just across the same street were ranged in a row on a curb-stone the white-washer brigade, who are ever ready to dispense their share of that which is next to Godliness. As for organ-grinding, the quantity, if not the charm, is sufficient to banish every "savage breast" within the corporation. On the next corner you pass, a fellow is perched upon a dry goods box, and behind another, telling, in a voice not sweet but powerful, how death can be swallowed up in twenty-cent bottles of the nostrums he is selling; which, in one minute, or one day at farthest, cure every disease that flesh inherits—the great secret being to bathe the temples until the pain ceases!

At the next corner holds forth the dish-mender. These dish-menders are the shrewdest fellows of all. With their magic cements they can mend anything—a broken egg, a Confederate bank, or the rent of an earthquake. But, somehow or another, we never took home any of the composition without finding the "stick" all on the side of the buyer. Then, generally near the latter will be found the "electricity," "lung-tetter" and notion man. There is electricity at \$1 a jerk, 25 cent off, but a hundred cents' value "guaranteed" every time. Those who want to develop their lungs are accommodated at the very low price of five cents a blow, on the patent never-failing "tester," and whoever wants a pen that will write an inch, or a hair in breadth, or can be twisted into a fishhook, and never wear out, has only to walk up to the "Professor's" table and deposit. Another "Professor" near at hand teaches mathematics, illustrated on a traveling blackboard. And still another, not far off, peddles whistles that, with equal facility, imitate all animate and inanimate nature—from saw-filing to a canary or hog—and the fabulous instrument from the caudal extremity of the porcine is as much outdone as truth is greater than fiction. All nationalities are represented among these street "characters." Notwithstanding the humble appearance of some of them, not a few have, financially, done better than some of our "smart" men in more pretentious places. "Trust" is unknown among them, and if not showy, they have not the mortification of doing a big business which does not pay expenses.

Sales of Merchandise.

In reporting the list of merchants' sales for the month of May, a large number of our leading merchants dealing in distilled spirits and also those dealing in general merchandise, will find their names omitted from the list. This is owing to the fact that they are not required to report their sales to the United States Assessor until they have first exhausted the amount of their license or special tax. Wholesale dealers in general merchandise are not required to report their monthly sales to the Assessor until after they have sold in excess of \$50,000, and wholesale liquor dealers are not required to report until after their sales amount to over \$25,000. Auctioneers report after their sales amount to \$10,000. This will account for the small number in the list, which is appended:

Newcomb, Buchanan & Co.	\$9,262
Barber, S. & Co.	2,581
Anderson, Thomas & Co.	21,881
Bamberger, Bloom & Co.	110,000
Cladbrook, Grinstead & Co.	9,445
Henry, S. G. & Co.	20,019
Johnson, Newman & Co.	9,229
Leopold, M. & Co.	20,071
Moore, Brenner & Co.	108,000
Pager, Ronald & Co.	71,182
Peter, Powers & Cooper	32,472
Robinson, J. M. & Co.	53,176
Ronald & Co.	36,275
Robinson, R. A. & Co.	40,119
Timmon, S. & Co.	110,000
Tompson, Jos. T. & Co.	145,225
Dorn & Barkhouse	61,675
McFerran, Armstrong & Co.	83,975
Mitchell, Warren & Co.	98,510
Thomas, O. W. & Co.	86,500
Phillips, J. S. & Co.	15,242
Ray & Co.	12,485
Glover, J. & Co.	130,578
Suit, S. T. & Co.	16,500

Africa in Trouble—The Same Old Story.

Mary Ramsay, a colored woman, once had a husband. She has no husband now, because one Viney Ramsay, another colored woman, has offered inducements to the contested husband sufficiently weighty to induce him to cleave unto her and forsake and desert Mrs. Ramsay proper. Mary had Viney before Justice Clement this morning, on a peace warrant, alleging that she had threatened to remove her heart from her on the point of an Arkansas toothpick (which is a butcher knife). Viney was required to give the Commonwealth \$100 worth of promise not to carry her intended surgical operation on Mary into execution. She gave the bond of \$100, and sailed out of court declaring that "she was bound to hold on to dat 'ar man, fo' God."

Commencement Exercises.

The second annual commencement of Holy Rosary Academy takes place at the academy building this evening, at 7 o'clock. This is one of the best of our educational institutions, as its extensive patronage during the past two years testifies. The public are cordially invited to be present at the exercises this evening.

"HOOSIER" GETS "BILKED."

He is Bent on Obtaining Satisfaction.

A young man arrived in the city yesterday from the interior of Indiana, from whence he had assisted in bringing a drove of hogs. The drove of porkers being disposed of, he sallied forth to "see things" about the city. About noon he became tired and hungry, and dropped into a small grocery shop in the West End to partake of some crackers and cheese. Immediately behind the room where groceries were sold was also a bar, where beer and stronger beverages were vended. Into this back room the young man from the country went. There he met and was highly pleased with a rosy-cheeked and cherry-lipped female, upon whom he lavished an extensive smile and a pleasant "Howdy do?" This female talked sweet to Hoosier for a while, and then "slid" off up stairs. Hoosier fondly watched her until out of sight, and then remembered that he had not yet paid the man in the front shop for his crackers and cheese. He had taken from his squirrel-purse a two-dollar bill and placed it loosely in his vest pocket for spending money. This he intended to pull out to give to the front shop, but the first time he felt for it, he understood in a moment where it had gone, and who got it. He mumbled to himself, "Well, that air's a purty good trick; I'll try it again." Just then he heard footsteps on the stairway leading above. He quickly took from a well-filled wallet he carried in a side pocket another two-dollar bill, placed it in the same vest pocket the minus one had occupied, and sat down in a chair. His chamber soon entered the room, and was just as "sweet" as before. In a few moments, as before, she excused herself, and bounced off up stairs again. Hoosier thought he had kept so close a watch upon her motions that she could not have taken his second two-dollar bill, and he ran his fingers in the pocket to get it. The note was gone. Now he was mad. He went out and found an officer, to whom he related his adventure at the little shop. The Metropolitan went to the place and recovered the first bank note, but the woman denied having taken the second. Hoosier was not satisfied by a long way, and procuring a warrant, had the woman arrested and put in jail.

Deserving Praise.

Among the most reliable insurance companies here is the Teutonia Fire Insurance Company, of Cleveland, Ohio, Mr. Wm. Kreighaber, agent. It will be observed by the following letter from a firm at Georgetown, Ky., who sustained loss by the recent disastrous conflagration in that place, that their loss was promptly paid by their efficient agent:

LOUISVILLE, JUNE 22, 1869.

WILLIAM KREIGHABER, Esq.—Sir:—We desire to express to you, as the agent of the Teutonia Fire Insurance Company of Cleveland, Ohio, our sincere thanks for the very prompt and liberal manner in which you settled our loss sustained at the large fire at Georgetown, Ky., on the 14th of June, 1869. We take this method of recommending the company you represent to our friends and the public generally as a liberal and safe one, and entitled to the confidence and patronage of the community.

We are, sir, yours very truly,

S. HILBERT & BRO.

Press Gang.

A large party, consisting principally of members of the Cincinnati press, arrived here last evening, on their way to the Mammoth Cave, where they are going to recreate and have a brief respite from hostilities with pen and scissors. They are the guests of the Galt House, the mail line, the Louisville and Nashville railroad, and Messrs. Procter & Son, of the Mammoth Cave.

A delegation from Madison, with Capt. Charles David, of the General Buell, at the head, were also in the city last evening, and left on the morning train with the first-named party for Cave City.

"Poor but Healthy."

A lone female—whose "net" weight could be not less than two hundred pounds, standard—might have been seen wandering about the levee last evening. She had an immense quid of tobacco in her mouth and about as much bad whisky in her head as she could navigate under. She asked for money from several steamboatmen, saying she wanted to go to Texas, but they were too old to be so easily gulled. Her peculiar "style" is better adapted to Chicago than Southern cities. She had better give that moral town a visit before wending her way to the "Lone Star" State.

Gen. Magruder's Lecture.

Weisiger Hall will be filled by an appreciative and intelligent audience to-night, to listen to Gen. Magruder's interesting lecture on "Mexico, Maximilian, Carlotta, Spain and Cuba." The General is thoroughly acquainted with the subject, or subjects, of his lecture, and considering how important and interesting Mexican and Cuban affairs are just now to our people, this lecture will contain a double interest—historical and literary. Those who desire comfortable seats must go early.

The C. L. A. Picnic.

The Celtic Literary Association picnic, which was held at Woodland Garden on Wednesday and yesterday, was admirably conducted throughout. The managers were on hand constantly to minister to the needs of their patrons and invited guests, and every one who attended the picnic on either day left highly pleased with the recreation and enjoyment received. The very best of order was enforced throughout, and for this the special committees and officers deserve praise.

ST. JOHN'S DAY.

Masonic Celebration Near New Albany To-morrow.

The celebration of this anniversary by the Masons of Louisville, New Albany and Jeffersonville promises to be an immense affair. The celebration ceremonies will be held at the fair grounds, near New Albany, to-morrow. All the lodges of this city will be fairly represented, official notification having been received by the committee of arrangements to this effect. There will be a procession of Sir Knights on horseback, from this city, headed by Chris. Haupt's Great Western Band. Ample arrangements have been made by the proper committees for the accommodation and entertainment of all who participate in this grand celebration. All who are not Masons are requested to take baskets of edibles along with them, as dinner can only be provided for the visiting brethren. Those who desire to have a day's pleasant recreation could not do better than attend the celebration to-morrow.

The ladies who purpose attending the celebration are requested to assemble at the corner of Twelfth and Rowan streets as early as 8 A. M. to-morrow, where they will be furnished conveyance to New Albany, in advance of the main procession, and also be furnished convenient and comfortable quarters in New Albany.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Continuation of the Examinations Yesterday—The Programme for To-day.

The examinations in the public schools were continued yesterday, being confined mostly to the secondary departments. Of the four grammar schools, two were examined, the first and fourth, leaving the second and third for to-day. Walnut and the one at Thirtieth and Green streets—whose examinations, with a parting exhibition at the seventh-ward school this afternoon, constitute the sum total of to-day's exercises, with which is terminated the present session. The examinations yesterday were largely attended by parents and others, and were quite interesting. At the eighth ward, the fourth and third grades of boys and girls were examined in the different studies. The fourth grade of boys, Mrs. Maury's class, distinguished themselves particularly in English grammar. They were very enthusiastic little fellows, and though put to a right test by the Trustees and some of the visitors, never faltered giving prompt and correct answers to the many difficult questions and coming out, very remarkably, without a single error. The exercises were very pleasantly interspersed with declamations and singing. The third grade of girls, under the charge of Miss Julia Phipps, sang together several times during the exercises, and their excellence was the occasion of general remark. Upon inquiry we learned that the three grades together form one of Mr. Whipple's stinging classes, which readily explained the whole matter.

A pleasant little incident occurred near the close of the exercises which could not well be passed without mention. While Miss Julia Phipps was standing near the platform, one of her pupils—a bright-eyed little girl—came forward, and, in a pretty little speech, in the name of her sister pupils presented her a beautiful piece of silver plate as a testimonial of their love and esteem. The affair, which stopped for a time the exercises of the school, was a complete surprise to the lady, and she received the present in silence.

The exercises at this school to-day will consist of an examination of the first and second grades, and declamations and singing. The exercises will be continued in the morning and afternoon. The exercises at the second-ward school, under the charge of Miss Daily, were terminated in the morning, and the exercises in the afternoon and evening. The exercises were very interesting and entertaining. The exercises at the third-ward school, under the charge of Miss Daily, were terminated in the morning, and the exercises in the afternoon and evening. The exercises were very interesting and entertaining.

The examinations at the second-ward school were finished yesterday. The room set apart for the purpose was entirely too small to accommodate the number of visitors. The grammar department was examined in the afternoon and evening. The exercises were very interesting and entertaining. The exercises at the third-ward school, under the charge of Miss Daily, were terminated in the morning, and the exercises in the afternoon and evening. The exercises were very interesting and entertaining.

The closing exercises at this school this morning consisted in an examination of the first and second grades of the grammar department. The President of the Board of School Trustees, several members of the board, Superintendent Tingley and a fair number of visitors were in attendance at the examination. No "selected questions" were given the scholars, as is so frequently the case, but the sentences to be parsed, analyzed, &c., were chosen promiscuously by members of the School Board and visitors present.

The examination was very thorough, and demonstrated conclusively that both teachers and scholars had done their duty during the session just closed. Mrs. Ginnis, teacher of the first grade, and Miss Swandell, teacher of the second grade of boys, deserve great credit for the thorough manner in which they have performed their task.

There will be an examination this afternoon of the first and second grades of girls, with which the exercises of the Eighth-ward School for the present session will close.

Brilliant Wedding.

There was a brilliant wedding at Christ Church last evening, by which Mr. Sidney J. Rogers and Miss Brent were joined in the holy bonds of wedlock. The happy pair have our heartiest wishes for a bright and happy future. May the new state into which they entered prove all their most sanguine fancy painted it. The church was filled with the elite and distinguished of the city, among whom we noticed General Magruder and General Preston.

The Big Show Coming.

Charles Noyes' great Circus City Circus will be here on Monday, the 5th July, and remain three days—the 5th, 6th and 7th. In other cities this fine circus has established a reputation for undeniable superiority, and its refined exhibitions invariably attract immense audiences. The public never fail to appreciate and liberally patronize prominent talent, and from the complimentary notices of the press, we do not hesitate to say that this troupe embraces some of the best performers in the world. Mr. J. A. Wood, the agent courier of the mammoth concern, is now in the city, making all necessary arrangements for its reception.

Gen. James B. Fry.

General James B. Fry, who will be remembered as "not altogether unconnected with the draft," is said to be on his way to this city, where his career in the war began, on the staff of General Buell, and it is stated, whether he now returns to assume his old duties in his old department on the staff of General Halleck.

Whisky.

All whisky in class "B" bonded warehouses must be removed by the end of the present month, or Uncle Sam will appropriate it to his own use. Congress is not in session to grant a further delay, and the tax money will have to be forthcoming at the appointed time.

THE COURTS.

LOUISVILLE CITY COURT.

RON. E. S. CRAIG, JUDGE.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 23.

I sing of arms and of heroes, and of brave brunettes, an' doo such things as strike all an' here. An' this air gobbled and brot down here To tri thar luck to se the sho. To go thar the public that to be in a mus To give thar names in print, an' thus to go "populer"—then we see Big bugs and small bugs bin the nee, An' a wale smile when the shoat Half drunk, tamin from pave to street The unfettershall Bu-ly.

Court opens all right. Summer is here and so are the bunmers. This will help way do for winter, where icicles are long as bean poles and ice thick enough for a Nicolson pavement, but now how can we get a clean breath if these idlers, these professional idlers, don't stop "crowdin' up" the gangway, and every crack into which they can poke their heads and arms? That railing must be cleared and the windows opened, or we will do like that poor witness yesterday—faint. The lattice has slipped and B. H. Taylor pops in his noggin to say to the call of court. Mr. Taylor don't exactly belong to this class, but it is a kind of cross between the bummer and the drunkard. He had been climbing the Seymour flag-pole on Preston and York streets to pull the freethen out of the roosters tail, but lost hold and came down like a greased streak of lightning, which is a kind of cross between the bummer and the drunkard. The police said it was whisky, and just for this he paid \$3.

John Osborne is one of nature's noblemen. He voted selfishness a humbug and called upon numerous friends to make himself agreeable. This was all right; but he tried his smiles on brass buttons and gray clothes, which frightened brassy, who put him in for a wizard. Spirits and greenbacks both left him, and he was sent to the bonny banks of Beargrass on a "wreck" probability. Hoar is pronouncedly against the Cubans, and declares that if they are harbored here, and their conduct winked at by officers of the government, they will get us into trouble with Spain, a country he seems to regard with some dread. Hoar, it is understood, has issued instructions to all United States District Attorneys and Marshals to keep a sharp look out for Cuban agents and to arrest them upon the first sign of an attempt to infringe upon the neutrality laws.

Bill's weasel-skin failed to respond, and he now seeks consolation in the great science of geology as taught by Alfriend. The case against Jacob Burge for stealing property worth \$100 from Gottfried was dismissed, the case being one to be settled by civil jurisprudence. The case of Thomas Rogers for shooting Thomas Lumer, with intent to kill; continued till Saturday. Our motto this morning was "quick sales and small profits." Court adjourned by 10 o'clock.

GRANT AND MAYTIL.

Our New Colored Minister Snubbed in Spain—That Reception He will Get from Salub. Port au Prince Cor. Nassau Herald.

The grand excitement here since the arrival of the steamer from New York is the news that a colored gentleman is to supersede the present American Minister. H. H. Hilditch, a colored man, is the man in question. He is a native of the island of St. Vincent, and has been in the service of the American Government for many years. He is a man of great ability and energy, and has been very successful in his diplomatic career. He is now in the city, making all necessary arrangements for his reception. The news of his appointment has caused a great deal of excitement among the colored people of the city, and they are all looking forward to his arrival with great interest. The news has also caused a great deal of excitement among the white people of the city, and they are all looking forward to his arrival with great interest. The news has also caused a great deal of excitement among the government officials of the city, and they are all looking forward to his arrival with great interest.

The McConnellville, Ohio, Herald relates the following court scene: "At the last term of our Court of Common Pleas, in the case of Miss — vs. —, an impassioned witness was called and asked the usual question, 'Do you know the reputation of Mr. — for truth and veracity in the neighborhood where he resides?' 'Well,' said the witness, 'his reputation for veracity is considerably talked about.' 'What do you mean by veracity?' said the cross-examining attorney. 'Why, I mean he's had after the wimmin!'

Kentucky Items.

The Flemingsburg Democrat regrets to learn that the wheat crop in that county has been nearly destroyed by the mischievous work of the midges. Some fields have already been entirely ruined and the little worm seems still bent on more destruction.

Madison county voted for \$75,000 appropriation for locking and damming Kentucky river. For tax 72, against 50.

Mad Horse.—It appears that the same mad dog which bit Mr. Luson's mule bit at the same place a horse belonging to Headley & Co. The mule showed the effects of the bite in two weeks, and had to be killed, but, strange to say, there were no indications of hydrophobia upon the horse until the other day, just five weeks later than its appearance upon the mule. The disease in the horse was of much more violent nature, the poor animal in its frenzy tearing the shirts from one of the employe's back.—Lex. Ob. & Rep.

A set of scoundrels, says the Lexington Observer, are going around among the negroes and pretending to be legitimate representatives of insurance companies, obtaining money for policies which they never deliver.

W. Owsley Goodloe, editor of the Statesman, has accepted the position of Inspector of Postoffices for the States of Kentucky and Tennessee, under the new regime. He will go into office the first of July, and will make a capital officer.

During the fire in Georgetown Sunday week, a thief was caught stealing a pair of boots, and next day he was taken to the spring branch near town, and had the rite of ducking administered to him in the most imposing manner. After he was thoroughly punished, he was allowed one hour to leave town.

SCOTT COUNTY COURT.—The offering of cattle on Monday amounted to as many as 200 head, and all of inferior grades. In the morning some sales were made at fair rates; but toward the close, the market was very heavy, and several lots were withdrawn. Four fat oxen gross weight 1,800 lbs., sold at \$6 75. Two-year-old steers withdrew at \$55 per head. Yearlings same quality sold at \$45 per head; the offering of brush stock was large and demand limited. One lot of first-class two-year-old males sold at \$130 per head, the official report was \$100 per head; medium class \$85 per head; horse market slow.—Lexington Gazette.

WASHINGTON.

Cuban Affairs at the Capital. From the Washington Dispatch to the New York Herald, 19th.

It is understood that as soon as the President and the members of the Cabinet who are now absent return, the Cuban question will be the subject of an Cabinet meeting. It is conceded by some of the Cabinet members now here that the time has arrived when some definite policy should be adopted towards Cuba. From the beginning the Cabinet has been divided on this question. The President favors the Cubans, and is willing to grant them belligerent rights, but his Cabinet is against him. The sympathies of Secretary Fish, it is well known, are with the Cubans, but he does not wish to adopt a policy which he thinks would place us in an incon-sistent light before Great Britain, especially while the Alabama claims question is pending. He has done nothing, however, against the Cubans, and nothing to further the Spanish interests. He had nothing to do with the subject of the Cuban question, but he is willing to take any action in the premises. Even the Cuban envoy and his secretary give Mr. Fish full credit for his sympathies towards the patriotic Cubans. The erudite Attorney-General Hoar is pronouncedly against the Cubans, and declares that if they are harbored here, and their conduct winked at by officers of the government, they will get us into trouble with Spain, a country he seems to regard with some dread. Hoar, it is understood, has issued instructions to all United States District Attorneys and Marshals to keep a sharp look out for Cuban agents and to arrest them upon the first sign of an attempt to infringe upon the neutrality laws.

The Secretary of the Navy would be willing to lend the Cubans a helping hand. "Don't let me be too vigilant in watching for filibuster expeditions in Cuban waters" is the language of his heart to Admiral Hoff. Boutwell naturally sides with Hoar and is for a strict enforcement of the neutrality laws against the Cubans. Rawlins, Cox and Creswell are indifferent. The matter stands. What policy will be adopted when the question is again brought before the Cabinet remains to be seen.

The Cuban Question—Extraordinary Conduct of Our Government. From the New York Herald.

The old saying, that "whom the gods would destroy they first make mad," appears to be peculiarly applicable to both Grant's administration and the Spanish Government in their conduct with regard to Cuba. The unnecessary and unjustifiable arrest of the Cuban representative and members of the Cuban Junta in this city can have no other effect than to help the cause of independence in Cuba, to swell the numbers of sympathizers, to make more Americans join the patriot army, to arouse a general feeling of indignation against the Spanish authorities and Spain, and to create contempt for our own short-sighted and pusillanimous government. The act will do so universally, and it is equally certain that the mortality among the Cubans is very great, though it is impossible to obtain reliable figures.

THE EPIDEMIC IN AFRICA.

The cholera has broken out in Gambia, with great violence at Bathurst, the seat of the government. Admiral Patey, the administrator of the government, had in anticipation of the disease, taken every precaution for its prevention or mitigation; gangs of men have been employed cleaning the streets, and burying every sort of the filth or nuisance; part of the general store had been converted into a temporary hospital to hold fifty to sixty patients, and fourteen stations opened in the town for the distribution of medicines. The first decided case appeared on the fifth of May, and from that date the disease rapidly spread—from seven deaths on the 5th to 17 on the 9th, 29 on the 14th, and 32 on the 15th, out of a population of about 4,000. The total number of deaths, up to the 15th of May, were 190; of these none were Europeans. The disease seems to be of the most violent character; three or four hours are reported to be the longest at attack, while many drop dead after

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LOUISVILLE.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 23, 1899.

The Spanish Throne.

The good people of Spain, in making their new Constitution, provided for a King as the head of the government. Instead, however, of putting the new government to work with a King, they have inaugurated a regency with Seno as the head. Their monarchy is without a monarch, though there are not wanting men, women and children who are aspirants for a throne which in olden times was mighty in the world.

Montpensier is a candidate, of course. He paid out huge sums of money during the revolution with the hope of getting paid back in a crown. But, instead of his being chosen king, his friend Seno is regent. Montpensier don't like this a bit. He has made his appearance in Spain, near enough to the capital to show his dislike for things as they are going on. But Montpensier may never sit upon the throne of Spain.

Indeed, we do not see that Montpensier stands any better chance for the crown than a score of others we might name. Isabella and her son are candidates. Don Carlos is thought of for the place. The King of Portugal has a father and a brother who have been spoken of in that direction. And there are two or more German Princes who might be induced to accept the position. There is, therefore, no want of candidates, and no one can tell who will be elected.

As matters now stand we don't very clearly see what Spain has gained by the revolution. Isabella has been driven from the throne but no one has been chosen to fill her place; and we expect next to hear of quarrels among the aspirants for the vacant throne. Maybe the strongest man or the richest man will get the place—and of the two the richest would seem to stand the best chance, for Spain needs money most awfully. If Montpensier had kept his gold until this time he might possibly have bought the throne without any difficulty.

A new plan of official rascality has been developed in Baltimore county, Maryland. One set of revenue officials connive to give the proprietor of a distillery every facility for successful evasion of the revenue laws. The distiller, and doubtless the officials also, go on "swimming," making money rapidly. At length, when the profits have amounted to a satisfactory sum, suspicion is intimated to the supervisor of the district, who proceeds to make an inspection, the result of which is a seizure of the establishment which the vigilant lesser officials have reported. So we go.

It is said that the exchange of Halleck and Thomas, the former to come to Tennessee, the latter to go to California, was made with the intention of worrying Halleck, whom Grant don't like, out of the army. Gen. Halleck has great possessions in San Francisco, and it was said he would resign in preference to leaving his home and friends. But Grant's purpose was too thin to wash, and Halleck has actually refused to resign. Now nothing remains but to retire so contumacious an officer on half pay. Grant is little, even in small things.

The astute but short-sighted Imperialism of France took the trouble a few days ago to suppress an edition of the International newspaper because it contained an unpleasant allusion to Louis Napoleon's London life. Being missed, the paper was everywhere inquired for, and the offensive paragraph was of course in the mouths of all Paris. Had the journal been permitted to appear, and no notice been taken of it, the reminiscence would hardly have been heard of.

The gambling hell at Wiesbaden lost, during the month of May, 1,000,000 francs—a gang of counterfeiters having stolen large amounts of spurious French currency and won nearly every day. Most of the counterfeit money remained in the hands of the proprietors of the gambling hell, while the counterfeiters carried off the gold and genuine bank notes.

Negro juries are to be the next luxury in the Federal City—Marshall Sharp, Grant's brother-in-law having ordered that there be no distinction in color in selecting petit and grand jurors. A negro jury with the thermometer at 100. Bah! the odor is rank and smells to Heaven. A summer luxury indeed!

SENATOR SCOTT, of Pennsylvania, concedes that the Democrats will carry the next election in that State. Nothing but the special interposition of the Lord can, in the opinion of Scott, save the Rads. Scott, you will have to ask for help from the other quarter, since we are told "the Devil always takes care of his own."

A COTEMPORARY speaking of the Peace Jubilee says: "More horrid sounds were never heard in hell." But how does he know? Must be one of the devil's imps.

ROSECRANS is spoken of as a candidate for Governor of Ohio. Taking Chickamauga as a sample, we should say Rosy would run well.

CINCINNATI celebrates the "glorious" fourth on the third. Fast follows up there, and shrewd, and like Joey B., derisively.

That bloody Tartar Sherman illustrated the indifference of a military man to human life in his address to the graduating class at West Point. India and the colonies, where there are plenty of tigers and rebellious natives to shoot, "have been England," said Gen. Sherman, "a rare school for generals." "The barren steppes of Algeria," which furnish famous targets for marksmen in the shape of lions and savage Algerines—"have trained some of her best modern generals." "In our favored country," proceeded the speaker, "you have every stimulus possible to develop the manly strength and courage so essential to our chosen profession of arms." "The great plains are lively with the Sioux, the Cheyennes and the Arapahoes, and vast herds of buffalo, of which you have heard so much." To such a hunting "bee" over the territory of our beloved brethren of the plains the blood-thirsty cadets were invited by a member of the "Peace Commission" of a year or two ago.

We have it from reliable authority says the Augusta Constitutionalist that the *causa causans* of Grant's animosity toward the South was forced by a woman—who is proverbially at the bottom of all troubles as well as all blessings. It seems that a Richmond lady met a beautiful child on one of the public thoroughfares, and stopping, after the manner of females, she saluted the little one with sundry hearty exclamations. Having done this, she inquired of the nurse concerning the child's parentage. When told that General Schofield was the father, she pushed the transformed cherub aside, indignantly exclaiming: "Go away, you little brat!" The nurse, of course, told Mrs. Schofield. Mrs. Schofield told her lord, her lord told Grant, Grant grew mad and told Hoar, Hoar told Butler. And so, and so, the South must be desolated because of the caprice of a gushing woman.

BECKETT, of the Herald, thus pleasantly announces the arrival of his old adversary, Jas. Watson Webb, ex-Minister to Brazil: "Gen. Webb is fully primed with abolitionism and gunpowder. He is here in town on his way to Washington, where he is almost certain to fight somebody. Secretary Fish had better post himself concerning Brazil. He may be forced into war or challenged on the spot."

PARSON BROWNLOW declares that there are enough babies named after Burnside in Tennessee to drive Sprague out of the State, should he come down there abusing the General; and Sprague rejoins that so many of the population bearing Burnside's name is a stronger rebuke on his conduct in Tennessee than anything he could say.

On the night of the 15th inst., Harry Howard, a "confidence man," was seized by some masked citizens on the ferryboat Lizzie Campbell, lying at Harlem, opposite Kansas City, who attached a rope with a heavy stone to his neck, and then threw him into the river. He rose once, and was then fired at, when he sank and was not seen afterwards.

A NEW YORK newspaper publishes some emigration statistics, which show that of the foreigners who come hither, 81.9 per cent. consist of unskilled laborers, while the remaining 18.1 per cent. is made up of artisans. Hence, the statement that there is so much distress and pauperism among the skillful laborers of the old countries.

SIXTH Grant and A. T. Stewart had a conference in New York the other day. Boutwell has given orders to decrease the sales of Government gold. Well, we had rather trust the New York seller of tape than the Massachusetts pettifogger and politician.

THE Philadelphia Post says "the report that Madame Parepa-Rosa's voice so filled the Boston Coliseum that the audience had to go out to make room for it, is incorrect." Clever, that—for Philadelphia.

BURNBOURNE county, Kentucky, has a horse that takes his pint of whisky every morning with the utmost delight.—*Exchange.*
Ah! but this is the only "boss" in Kentucky who takes his pint before breakfast.

BORKE is again at work.—*Washington dispatch.*
The sailors now will sing "Cease, cease old Borke."

BEAUTY RAMPANT.
The Possessor of a Slender Tongue Coughed.

From the Nashville Union and American, 20.
A young man, whose name is nameless here in hope of future good conduct, was indiscreet enough to say slanderous words about a young lady of good character to whom he had previously endeavored to pay some delicate attentions. This shabby course on his part was probably induced by the fact that she did not seem to be very favorably impressed with his style. A knowledge of his ugly words was imparted to the slandered maiden, and she was deeply grieved and somewhat incensed over what he had said about her. She scarcely knew what redress or reparation to seek, or in what other way to vindicate her hitherto unsullied reputation. In this dire extremity she conferred with a male friend, as to what was best to be done. He advised her to quietly demand an apology and retraction of the slanderous words. She made this demand, and Friday night last was agreed upon as the time for the indiscreet youth to call and make all possible amends. He called; but before being able to do more than introduce the subject, injured innocence pitched into him with a rawhide which she had obtained for the purpose, and gave him an awful beating. At first, seeing the penalty in store for him, the imprudent youth made a desperate effort to escape from her enraged presence, but it was not for a time convenient for him to do so. As he turned to run she made a firm grip on his coat tail with one hand, while with the other she vigorously applied the twisted tormentor. Finally, after getting much more than he went for, he made a desperate lunge and was free—but minus the coat-tail, by which he had been so unpleasantly restrained. The torn-off coat-tail is still in the possession of the fair avenger, subject to the order of the owner, or anybody else who may happen to want it.

It is estimated that the Valley of Virginia will yield this year 5,000,000 bushels of wheat.

A Humane Horse.
A blind horse wandered into White river at Indianapolis, and, getting beyond his depth, swam around in a circle, trying to find his way out. His distress attracted another horse not far away on the bank, who first went to the water's edge and tried to direct the blind horse by neighing. Failing in this he took to the water, and swam out to his relief, and after swimming around him for nearly a quarter of an hour, he finally got the blind horse to understand in what direction the land lay, and the two horses came to shore side by side, amid the cheers of upward of one hundred persons, who had become spectators.

Matrimony in a nutshell.—The union of Minnie Warren and Commodore Nutt.

CITY ITEMS.

Extract from a Private Letter from Hawaii, Sandwich Islands.

Although the eruption is not so violent now, the volcano is a fearful sight to behold. The rivers of lava still flow, and the smoke from the crater ascends in awful majesty. During this volcanic upheaval it has been very sickly here. A peculiar sort of low malarious fever, which has grown out of the foul, condensed vapors of the volcano, has prevailed to an alarming extent, and at one time it was feared it would depopulate the island. But fortunately, a sea-captain (calling here for supplies) distributed PLANTATION BITTERS to the suffering, and quick and thorough cures were the result. The news spread like wild-fire. Messrs. Ching-Takin & Co., Commission Merchants, had these Bitters for sale. In a short time their office was besieged and their supply exhausted. A steamer was dispatched to San Francisco by order of the Hospital Department, and a new and enormous supply obtained as soon as possible. From that moment the scourge was stayed. Not another fatal case occurred, and the epidemic has now entirely disappeared. Is this wonderful remedy known in your city? I hope so, for it is a sure cure for all fevers and malarious sickness. You may tell your friends so for me.

H. M. C.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price.

The American House, Boston.
Its central location, admirable management and luxurious cuisine have made it a public favorite for years past. Newly furnished and all late improvements added.

Hecker's Farina
Forms a very agreeable, light, nutritive food, a superior article for puddings and jellies and is highly recommended by physicians for invalids and children. For sale by all grocers. 1717 2nd Ave.

Revere House, Boston, Mass.
This noted Hotel has been thoroughly modernized. The house has been completely remodeled, painted, and newly furnished. Suites of rooms for large and small families, water, bathing-rooms, etc., introduced—so that it now offers unsurpassed accommodations for travelers. The "Revere" has all the attention paid its guests, and its high reputation in these particulars will be maintained.

Mr. GARDNER WETTERBERG, late of the Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York, has become one of the proprietors, and will be pleased to welcome the traveling public at the above Hotel. WRISLEY, WETTERBERG & CO., 367 Mo. & West 12th St. Proprietors.

To Kill Moths
In clothing, furs, carpets, etc., use Lyon's Insect Powder. It will do it. Nothing else will. Don't wait till the mischief is done. Kill them now. Be sure you get Lyon's Powder. See E. Lyon's signature on the flask. Buy no other and you will avoid disappointment. Depot 21 Park Row, New York.

BATHS.
The new and commodious Galt House Cold, Hot Water and Shower Baths, are now open to the public from 6 A. M. to 11 P. M. GALT HOUSE COMPANY. 1219 6th.

FEATHERS! FEATHERS!! FEATHERS!!!
The weather is getting very warm, and if you wish to dispose of all or any of your new or second hand feathers at the very highest cash price, leave orders with M. DAVIDSON, 127 Main street, cor. of Fourth.

Copper-Plate Printing and Engraving.
WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS, MONOGRAMS, etc., engraved to order. INITIAL STAMPING free. Visiting Cards printed from plates. A large assortment of the best French and American note paper always on hand at FRANK MADDEN'S, Jefferson street, bet. Third and Fourth.

MEETINGS.
Masonic Notice.
The Lodge No. 4 A. T. M. will meet in regular communication this (WEDNESDAY) EVENING at their hall in Masonic Temple, at 10 o'clock, at which time the W. M. and M. M. degrees will be conferred. By order of the Lodge, L. SLOOS, Sec'y.

Masonic Notice.
The members of Union Lodge of Perfection (No. 9) A. T. M. are requested to meet at their hall in Masonic Temple, on THURSDAY MORNING, 24th inst., at 10 o'clock promptly, to join in procession for the forthcoming celebration at New Albany. All R. A. Masons in good standing are fraternally invited to unite with us. By order of the Chapter, S. HILLMAN, Sec'y pro tem.

Masonic Notice.
The members of Louisville R. A. Chapter (No. 5) are hereby notified to meet at their hall on THURSDAY MORNING, 24th inst., at 10 o'clock promptly, to join in procession for the forthcoming celebration at New Albany. All R. A. Masons in good standing are fraternally invited to unite with us. By order of the Chapter, S. HILLMAN, Sec'y pro tem.

LOU., CIN. AND LEX. RAILROAD.
THE Louisville and Cincinnati Short Line Railroad is now completed, and will be opened for business on MONDAY, JUNE 26, 1899, forming a direct route from Louisville to Lexington and way points to the east.

The Shortest Route between the South and West and All Points North and East.
Passenger Trains will run as follows upon the arrival of Trains from the South: Leave Louisville 9:30 A. M. Leave Louisville 4:30 P. M. Connecting at Cincinnati with the trunk lines for Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Pittsburgh and Eastern cities.

Trains for Lexington and way points will leave as follows:
Leave Louisville 5:10 P. M. Leave Louisville 10:30 P. M. (Sundays excepted). The 10:30 P. M. train will run daily. Trains for Lexington and way points will leave as follows.

Luggage Accommodation 510 P. M.
The above train carries a large amount of luggage, which is five minutes faster than Louisville time. Tickets will be on sale at all principal ticket offices in the South, and baggage will be checked through. SAM. GILL, Gen'l Supt.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Peremptory Executor's Sale of Three Valuable Lots.
As agents for the executors of T. Donnelly and Daniel Devlin, of New York, we will offer for sale, at public auction, on Thursday, July 1st, 30 desirable building lots in Devlin & Donnelly's west end addition to Louisville, west of Twenty-sixth street, the streets being now open to this property brings it into immediate notice, and it will rapidly advance in value. Every lot offered will be sold. Sale to commence on the premises at 2 o'clock. Terms—One-fourth cash; balance in 1, 2, and 3 years, with interest and lien.

Plans of the land can be had at our office, HENNING & SPEED, Real Estate Agents, S. G. HENRY, Auctioneer. je21ds

General Debility Is Nature's Appeal for Help.
Thousands of persons, without any specific ailment, are the victims of languor and lassitude. The unthinking are apt to confound this species of inertia with laziness; whereas it usually arises from a want of organic energy, for which the subjects of it are no more responsible than the near-sighted are for their defective vision. Such persons, although they may be free from pain, are as truly invalids, and as much in need of medical aid, as if they were tormented with the pains of acute disease. They require a tonic and alterative that will rouse and regulate their torpid organizations. In cases of this kind, HOTTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS produce an immediate and most favorable effect. The debilitated and dispirited valetudinarian, who feels as if he were but half alive, who shuns company, and who has no relish either for business or pleasure, is metamorphosed, by the effect of this most potent vegetable invigorant, into quite a different being. The change effected by the BITTERS, in his bodily and mental condition, is a surprise to himself and to his friends. He hopes no longer that the active principle of life, which seemed to have died out of him, is re-awakened, and he feels like a new man. Remembering that this is not only an adjuvant to itself, but an invitation to disease, no time should be lost in recultivating the broken-down system with this choicest and most potent of all TONICS AND NERVINES. je19dt

BATCHelor's HAIR DYE.
This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect dye; is reliable, instantaneously; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill-effects of all dyes; and leaves the hair soft, glossy and beautiful, black or brown. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and every variety of Batchelor's Hair Dye, No. 16 Bond street, Louisville, Ky. je19dt

Philosophy of Marriage.
A New Course of Lectures, as delivered at the New York Museum of Anatomy, embracing the subjects: How to Live and What to Live for; Youth, Maturity and Old Age; Marriage Generally Viewed; The Causes of Indigestion; Flatulence and Nervous Diseases accounted for; Marriage Philosophically Considered, etc. These lectures will be forwarded on receipt of four stamps by addressing: Scientific Museum of Anatomy, 74 West Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md. je19dt

Self-Help for the Erring.
Words of Cheer for Young Men, who have fallen victims to the SOCIAL EVILS, desire a better MANHOOD. Sent in sealed letter envelope, free of charge. Address: HYFARD ASSOCIATION, Box E, Philadelphia, Pa. je19dt

MANHOOD
And the Vigor of Youth restored in four weeks. Success guaranteed. Dr. RICHMOND'S ESSENCE OF LIFE restores manly powers, from whatever cause arising; the effects of early venereal habits, self-abuse, impotency and climate, give way at once to this wonderful medicine, if taken regularly according to the directions (which are very simple and require no restraint from business or pleasure). Failure is impossible. Sent in bottles at \$1.00, or four quantities in one for \$3. To be had only of the sole appointed agent in America, H. GERTZ, 26 Second Ave., N. Y. je19dt

SAMARITAN'S GIFT.
The only cure for diseases arising from indigestion, Bilem Copaba and Mercury discarded. Only ten pills effect permanent cures. Purely vegetable. From two to four days, thus avoiding exposure and trouble. Male packages \$2; Female \$3.

Samaritan's Root and Herb Juice.
The only permanent cure for Scrofula, Ulcers, Sores, Tetters, and Mercurial Diseases. \$1.25 per bottle. Sold by KAY, OWEN & CO., OWEN & SUTTER, TON. DESMOND & CO. Proprietors. je19dt

THE CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE CITY
To get your JOB PRINTING done at the Courier-Journal Job Rooms. A large and splendid assortment of card and bill-head stock just received.

A GOOD BUSINESS CARD
For \$2.50 per 1,000 in Lots of 4,000 and over; Usual Price, \$3; Single 1,000, \$3.

BILL-HEADS
At \$8 and \$10 per Ream; Usual Price \$12 and \$13.

Also, every description of poster, programme, railroad, dramatic and store notices, folders, etc., at correspondingly low prices. Call and examine specimens.

J. H. STACKHOUSE.
Office in second story Courier-Journal Building. je19dt

PURE COPPER WHISKY.
No steam used in the process of distillation. Nothing but the best material used, and great pains taken to make this the best.

WHISKY
In the State, Parties desiring to visit the distillery can do so by applying to our office. No. 41 Fourth street.

T. H. SHERLEY.

Economy, Comfort AND CONVENIENCE
ALL combined in our celebrated Permanent and Portable

ECONOMIST COOKING RANGE.
To save all trouble buy only the Economist. It is the only one that BRIDGEFORD & CO. can sell.

MANTELS AND GRATES.
A LARGE assortment of Plain and Marble-ized Iron and Slate Mantels and Grates. Call and see them. BRIDGEFORD & CO. je19dt

NEW STORE.
New Goods.

HAVING removed our store two doors below our old stand, we are prepared to serve our patrons and the public in general. The above fine assortment of stylish Hats, Caps and Straw Goods, which have just been received by

BRIDGEFORD & WELLENVOSS.
my23dt 56 Market, bet. Second & Third.

WINTERSMITH'S.

WINTERSMITH'S

Tonic Sirup,

Chill Cure,

BEING AN IMPROVEMENT ON HIS

LIMERICK CHILL CURE.

A CERTAIN REMEDY

FOR EVERY FORM OF

FEVER AND AGUE.

THE CURE IS PERMANENT.

The Chill Once Broken Will Not Return.

Contains No Quinine or Arsenic, nor Any Deleterious Substance Whatever.

This preparation is carefully compounded of purely vegetable ingredients, and never fails, when properly taken, to cure the most obstinate case of fever and ague, neuralgia, and all malarious diseases. Unlike chill remedies generally, it requires no purgative to be taken with it, the medicine itself acting gently and agreeably upon the liver and bowels, effectually removing the cause of the disease, not merely temporarily checking it. Herein consists one great advantage it has over all other preparations. The crowning excellence of this remedy, however, above the permanency and certainty of its cure, is the fact that no injury whatever can arise from its use, as is certain to be the case when quinine or arsenic are taken, which are the principal ingredients of most of the chill medicines now in use. Quinine, acting upon the nervous system, produces, according to our best authorities, "a feeling of tightness or distension of the head, ringing, buzzing or roaring in the ears, partial deafness," etc., and, when the dose is increased, "complete deafness, diminution or loss of sight, dilated or immovable pupil, coma, and great prostration."

Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup leaves the system in a perfectly healthy condition, with no bad effects in any way to be worn off.

Another great virtue claimed for this medicine, and wherein consists its superiority over other medicines, is that the cure is permanent. It rarely requires more than a day or two to effectually break the chill, and, once broken, they will not return.

Hundreds of letters are daily received testifying to the efficacy and wonderful virtues of this remedy. It is very popular wherever sold, taking the place of any chill remedy it comes in competition with.

WINTERSMITH'S Tonic Sirup,

IMPROVED CHILL CURE,

Never Fails to Cure the Most Obstinate Case of Fever and Ague.

It Accomplishes the Work by Removing the Cause of the Disease.

Chill Once Broken Does Not Return.

Prepared by C. H. WINTERSMITH, Louisville, Ky.

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Peter, Powers & Cooper,
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AMUSEMENTS.

Weisiger Hall.

GEN. J. B. BARKER MAGRUDER

WILL Lecture on "MEXICO, MAXIMILIAN AND CARLOTTA," at Weisiger Hall on WEDNESDAY, the 23rd inst., at 8 o'clock P. M.

Tickets fifty cents, to be had at the Hotel, music store and at the door. je23dt

FLORAL PARK.

Children's Play Ground

NEAR the terminus of the Fourth-street railroad. Open to visitors daily, Sundays excepted.

Swimming Pool

For Ladies, Children and Gentlemen, under the management of Prof. Richards, swimming taught in a few lessons. Flowers and Plants for sale. je19dt

Roller Skating!

AT GLOVER'S HALL, Seventh st., bet. Walnut and Chestnut.

THE HALL will be open for day assemblies on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, from 4 to 7 P. M.; Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, from 7 P. M. to 10 P. M.

Evening assemblies on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, from 7 to 10 P. M.

MR. FENTON.
Will, at each evening's assembly, give an interval of Fancy Skating.

Skates for hire at the Hall.
One hundred pairs of new skates, for ladies and children, just received. my21dt

PROPOSALS.
Proposals for Coal.

SEALED proposals will be received by the Committee on Salaries and Supplies, at the office of the Secretary and Treasurer of the Board of School Trustees, until Saturday, June 24, 1899, at 12 o'clock, for twenty-five thousand bushels best Pittsburgh coal (more or less). Bids will be indorsed "Proposals for Coal." Security will be required for the performance of the contract.

FRANK CAMPBELL, Chairman.
H. M. McDONALD, Committee.

To Contractors.
SEALED proposals will be received by the undersigned until Thursday, July 1st, at the office of the Elizabethtown and Paducah Railroad Company, in Elizabethtown, Hardin county, Kentucky, for the graduation, grading, bridging and culverting of the line, including five thousand cubic yards of bridge masonry at Green river, on forty miles of said railroad, between the fifty-second section and the town of Greenville, in Muhlenberg county. The work can be reached by steamboat from the Ohio river, in South Carrollton and Rockport, on Green river, or by rail from Bowling Green, and thence by steamboat. Detailed specifications and profiles of the work can be seen at the Company's office in Elizabethtown on and after June 15th.

GEO. A. MACLEOD, Chief Engineer.
Elizabethtown, Ky., May 25, 1899. my29dt

Excellence, Economy, Simplicity.

THE HOME WASHER

It will wash from two articles to one hundred in from one to three minutes, perfectly without effort. Cleans Green and Yellowed Linens, Stains, Grease, etc., and the latest alterations in the various European States. These Maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one Map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. Counting rights and large discount given to good agents.

Apply for Circulars, Terms, and send money for and see Sample Maps first; if not sold taken back on an unimpaired scale.

Also ready, a \$25 steel and plate illustrated subscription book, "De Soto, the discoverer of the Mississippi river." 23 Cortlandt street, N. Y. je19dt

Agents Wanted—\$10 a Day.
TWO \$10 MAPS FOR \$4.

LYOYD'S PATENT REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS.
Two continents, America and Europe, and America with the United States, portable on an immense scale.

THESE great Maps, now just completed, 6x12 inches large, show every place of importance, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These Maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one Map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. Counting rights and large discount given to good agents.

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Also ready, a \$25 steel and plate illustrated subscription book, "De Soto, the discoverer of the Mississippi river." 23 Cortlandt street, N. Y. je19dt

THE CELEBRATED

"STERLING" POOL COTTON

SOFT FINISH.

LOUISVILLE.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 23, 1899.

Douglass, the Negro Printer

A Report Favorable to His Admission Adopted by the Typographical Union.

The Meeting Breaks up in Confusion.

Correspondence N. Y. Herald.

WASHINGTON, June 22, 1899.

There was very nearly a big row last night at the meeting of the Typographical Union of this city at Odd-Fellows Hall; cause, once more, that being profane so much mischief, Sambo. The case of young Douglass was the principal business to be considered, and the attendance was, therefore, full. After the reading of the minutes of the last meeting, the report from the chairman of the Union was submitted.

"In regard to the application of Lewis H. Douglass, your committee find—first, that he has served a sufficient length of time at the business, second, that he has a good character, and third, that the only place he has worked since a journeyman where there was a Union is Denver, Col., in which place, says Mr. John E. Watkins, Secretary of Denver Union, he is not considered a 'rat' from the fact that he was not a Union member and that their Union never took any action in regard to the matter; also that there is no reason, except race and color, that should deprive him of becoming a member of a Typographical Union. Your committee are therefore of the opinion that Lewis H. Douglass is a fair man, and recommend that he be admitted to membership in Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101."

A minority report unfavorable to the admission of Douglass was also presented. The grounds assigned were that he had not complied with the requirements of the laws of this Union and of the National Union, which are not to admit to membership a printer without card comes from a place where a Union exists, unless he brings from such Union a certificate satisfactorily explaining why he has none.

Mr. Flynn moved to lay the minority report upon the table, upon which the yeas and nays were demanded. The vote was taken amid frequent interruptions and great confusion, and resulted in yeas 229, nays 164. The announcement of the vote was received with applause mingled with hisses. On motion of Mr. Flynn majority report was adopted amid cheering and confusion. The Union then proceeded to vote upon the candidates proposed for admission, with the exception of Lewis H. Douglass, three names having been balloted for and the candidates elected, the President was about to read the name of the fourth, when Mr. Flynn moved that the Union adjourn. The motion was met by a perfect storm of hisses and cheers and the speaker's voice was lost amid the confusion. T. Davis stated that, as the Union was in progress of balloting for candidates reported upon favorably by the committee, the process could not be interrupted by any motion whatever. Mr. Flynn decided the point well taken. Mr. Davis then moved to new his motion to adjourn amid loud cries of "order." The very windows jingled with cries of "order." "Sit down," "Put him out," "Bottle him up," &c. The speaker vainly endeavoring to be heard, the President using his gavel with avengement in his attempt to preserve order. Several members claimed that a motion to adjourn was always in order, which had the effect of adding to the confusion. Mr. Brook appealed from the decision of the chair. At this juncture an individual, small, spry, advanced in a menacing manner, gazed the devoted speaker. This little by-play was the signal for a general eruption, and for a time it seemed as if chaos had come again. The police finally soothed the passions of the crowd, the chair then making the announcement to the effect that the meeting was in order. Tellers were thereupon appointed, who proceeded to take the vote amid loud outcries and calls for the yeas and nays. The motion prevailed, but the announcement was drowned by a perfect babel of voices. The Union then adjourned. Immediately after the adjournment Mr. Davis was called to the platform and proceeded to address the large audience still lingering in the hall. He addressed his fellow craftsmen to stand by their organization and to resist the formidable attempt to segregate the Printer's Union. In conclusion he warned the employees of the government office that if worst came to worst the regulars of No. 101 would be forced to deny them any further admissions of members, and thereby reduce them to a more hopeless minority, the assemblage then dispersed.

THE DOUGLASS FIGHT.

Correspondence Cincinnati Gazette, June 21.

Things were rather lively at the Government printing office to-day. Two or three workmen resigned because they could not possibly stay any longer under the same roof with the colored man Douglass, and two or three of the leaders in the fight against him were dismissed by the superintendent. Douglass' case goes over to the next meeting of the Union, near the end of July.

Another Moon!

Considerable curiosity has been excited in Germany by a pamphlet entitled "The Earth to Receive a Second Moon, at a Less Distance from It than the Present one." As the pamphlet has reached a second edition, we may give a short extract from it. Chapter VI is headed: "Newest Assertion. The Zodiacal light is a ring of gas surrounding the earth, and but a few thousand miles distant from it," while the previous chapters treat of generalities only. The author asserts that the said gaseous ring is no longer burning, but slowly cooling off, invisibly while the sun is below the horizon, of different density, interrupted by the shadow of the earth and depending in light and duration upon the sun's distance from it. Just as the rings of Saturn, as admitted by all astronomers, having become cold, are the precursors of moons, the said gaseous ring, the so-called Zodiac, the new moon being comparatively close to the earth, will cause many partial and total eclipses. The author thinks that the catastrophe of the burning of the ring may be consummated in our time, or that of our children. He winds up with the assertion that no doubt many thousands of years have elapsed to bring about this approximation, but says he, experience teaches us that the duration of pregnancy is a thousand times longer than the act of parturition, and that fact he applies to the forthcoming of the new moon.

RELEASED BY DEATH.

In Bed Thirty-six Years.

From the Bangor (Me.) Whig, June 17.

Our obituary columns yesterday contained a notice of the death of Miss Sarah Lovell, at the age of sixty-seven years. Her case is one of those parallel, and hardly to be found in the whole country for long and lingering sickness. For forty years she has been out of health, and at thirty-six bed-ridden. A friend informs that at thirty-six years ago she called to see her, and she was confined to her bed, to all appearances in the last stages of consumption, and apparently with but a few weeks, at most, to live. Yet she has been lingering on, and what is most remarkable, has been afflicted with almost every disease, contagious or epidemic, with which our city has been afflicted. During the prevalence of the cholera she was one of its subjects, but while others, hearty and robust, were cut down, she, upon whom it was the very brink of the grave, lived. She has been the subject of the watchful care and unremitting attention of her two sisters and her brother, the late John W. Lovell, all of whom have died before her, and since their death the widow of Mr. Lovell has, with true sisterly kindness, filled the place made vacant by the deaths of those near her kin.

BLASPHEMOUS PUFFERY.

How Profits are Gathered in the Name of the Lord.

Boston Correspondence New York World.

The full extent to which puffery and advertising has been developed by the great American mind has been shown in the Boston Peace Jubilee being carried to a point bordering on insanity. On every side in this vast jubilee barn may be found advertisements for quack medicines, washing machines, weather strips, patent overshoes, and spring hats, alternating with sentences from the Old Testament, and the notices to advise sight-seers to seek refreshments early and often, is made to appear side by side with the magnificent and solemn lines of the sacred psalmist. In glaring letters at one place is the glowing and and ever memorable chant of the angels on the plains of Bashan:

Glory to God in the Highest,
Peace on Earth,
Good-Will Toward Men.

Ten feet from this we are gravely informed that the city of Boston and the public in general are invited to the unparalleled splendor of the decorations to the well-known firm of Smith & Higgins. This is ringing the scriptures in with a vengeance. In another place we are informed that Bliss & Perkins, out of pure condescension and love for the assembled press representation, and the notice of the unparallel wood of light upon their intellectual heads, as with swift fingers, are directed in the choreographic manner; while a few further on country bumpkins from Suncook, Dedham, and Berkshire are informed that "He is good and his mercy endureth forever."

An enterprising and pious shoe manufacturer lets staring thousands know on the same show-bill of his faith and business energy, as follows:

I know that my Redeemer Liveth.
Bronze casters & No. 101.
Boyston street 27 a pair.

The grand old prose of the Bible is misused in a sacrilegious manner to assist the sale of pies, and Shakespeare is hawked in stunting letters for the benefit of a pain extirpator. This is as it should be in Boston.

SPIRITUALISM.

A Respectable Lady Becomes Insane on the Subject.

From the Pittsburg Commercial, 14th.

On Wednesday and Friday of last week we mentioned the finding of a dress, a shawl and a belt on the river bank, near the village of Lawrenceville. The impression was that some unfortunate woman had committed suicide, but later developments show that the suspicion was unfounded, although the condition of the lady who wore these garments is such as to render her almost dead to her friends. They belong to a Miss Orm, aged thirty years, and a resident of Pittsfield, Allegheny, and who, until recently, made a comfortable livelihood by fancy needlework. She was a very respectable lady, and associated with some of the best families of the city. Some time ago she became excited on the subject of spiritualism, and frequently visited a "medium" living in this city. Lately it was too evident that she had become hopelessly insane on the subject. On Thursday of last week she visited the house of Mr. Barker, painter, residing in the Allegheny district, and when she left there in the afternoon she said she was going to visit a friend in Lawrenceville. Nothing more was heard of her in Allegheny until Saturday, when she returned to Mr. Barker's almost naked, her body covered with scratches and bruises, and her mind completely wrecked. It was during her absence that the articles of clothing were found. She gives an unsatisfactory and doubtless unreliable statement as to her whereabouts, but she stated that she had been passing through Lawrenceville, and that after getting away from her captors she ran along the river bank, when the spirits called upon her to throw away her clothing and two gold rings which she wore. She obeyed the spirits, and ran about like one possessed of the devil. She is known to have been as far up the river as Hulton, twelve miles, and terrified every one who saw her, as she rushed along ejaculating the most horrible profanity. She is now in custody of friends, and will be placed under proper treatment.

QUAINT.

Married on Chemise.

In England, from early times until the present, a notion has prevailed that if a man married a woman in her shift only, he was not liable to any debts which she might have contracted. This was a vulgar error, founded probably on the legal maxim that a husband is liable for his wife's debts, because he, upon marriage, acquired an absolute interest in her personal estate—the unlearned deduction being that if the wife had no estate the husband would not incur any liability. The register-book of a village in Wiltshire, dated 1715, contains an entry of a marriage of a woman "in her smock, without any clothes or head-gear on." At Uolcomb, in Kent, in 1725, a woman was married in her chemise. In 1766, a woman stripped herself to her shift in the church in that condition she stood at the altar and was married. In Lincolnshire, between 1838 and 1844, a woman was married enveloped only in a sheet. And not many years back a similar marriage took place. The clergyman finding nothing in the rubric about the woman's dress, thought he could not refuse to marry her in her chemise only. At Kirton-in-Lindsey there was a popular belief that the woman must be actually nude when she left her residence for that of her intended husband, in order to release him from her debts and to all appearances in the last stages of consumption, and apparently with but a few weeks, at most, to live. Yet she has been lingering on, and what is most remarkable, has been afflicted with almost every disease, contagious or epidemic, with which our city has been afflicted. During the prevalence of the cholera she was one of its subjects, but while others, hearty and robust, were cut down, she, upon whom it was the very brink of the grave, lived. She has been the subject of the watchful care and unremitting attention of her two sisters and her brother, the late John W. Lovell, all of whom have died before her, and since their death the widow of Mr. Lovell has, with true sisterly kindness, filled the place made vacant by the deaths of those near her kin.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

FOREIGN.

Ismael Pasha in England.

American Neutrality in Cuban Affairs.

A GOOD POLICY AND SAFE PRECEDENT.

Speeches of the King of Prussia.

ENGLAND.

RECEPTION OF ISMAEL PASHA.

LONDON, June 22.—Ismael Pasha, Viceroy of Egypt, arrived in London to-day, and is the guest of the Queen at Buckingham Palace, which has been fitted up for his reception. A series of brilliant fêtes have been arranged in his honor. The Viceroy was met at the railroad station by the Prince of Wales and others, and escorted by a large military procession to Buckingham Palace. An immense crowd of people lined the way, and repeatedly cheered.

THE HEIR OF ADYSSIA.

The son of the late King Theodore, of Abyssinia, who has been at school here, will be sent to India, as the climate of England proves unfavorable to his health.

AMERICAN NEUTRALITY.

The Star to-day praises the United States Government for its consistency in taking measures to prevent the departure of filibuster parties for Cuba. It says the action of the Attorney General in relation to the Cuban insurgent junta in New York is satisfactory. The more vigorously the neutrality laws are enforced at the outset, the more easily will the public mind be led in the right direction. Sympathy for a nation struggling for freedom is natural to Americans as well as to Englishmen, but the sooner the people are reminded that a neutral country has duties incompatible with the sending of privateers and warlike expeditions to the better. Neutrality is not likely to exist unless the laws as they now stand are enforced; and when laws are insufficient they ought to be amended. English lawyers and statesmen may to their own advantage and instruction watch the result of the proceedings instituted in the United States, for the American attitude dealing with the subject is almost identical with the English law. The case will form a precedent of policy worthy of consideration and imitation.

THE YACHT CLUB REGATTA.

LONDON, June 22.—The Royal Thames Yacht Club regatta came off yesterday. The course was from the Nore to Dover. Twelve yachts sailed, starting at 8:35 A. M. By time and allowance, the Julia won the first prize, £100, and the Egria the second prize, £50.

AMENDMENT TO THE CHURCH BILL.

LONDON, June 22.—In the House of Lords this evening the Earl of Shaftesbury moved an amendment to the bill for the disestablishment of the Irish Church to the following effect: "That the surplus church property shall be a fund from which to grant loans to the Irish peasantry."

PRUSSIA.

CLOSE OF THE ZOLLERN PARLIAMENT.

BERLIN, June 22.—The sessions of the Zollern Landtag, which terminated yesterday, closed to-day. The members assembled at the Royal Castle to receive the closing speech of the King. Mr. Bismarck, American Minister, was the only member of the diplomatic corps present. King William addressed the Zollern and acknowledged the zeal of the members. After reviewing the work of the session, he expressed his regret that the debates on the tariff reform had failed to produce a definite result, but hoped for the definite agreement of the different opinions. The King made no political allusion except in favor of the German unity at the conclusion of his speech, when he expressed his confidence that a fair compromise would be found in the bond of common institutions between the German States.

When the King concluded, Count Bismarck, as Federal Chancellor, addressed the assembly. He declared the session of the Zollern Parliament closed. Thereupon the Deputies of the South German States withdrew.

The King then delivered his closing address to the members. He complimented them on their zeal and activity, but regretted their failure to complete financial arrangements for the year. He then turned to the German people, who had gathered in the hall to perform a great national task. The lively interest taken by the population on the seaboard in the maritime development of the Confederation was a reassuring expression of the sentiment of the nation which, with increasing power, was penetrating all parts of the Empire. He then turned to the agreement and activity of the Federal Government and the national representatives of the welfare of the country, fortified the confidence of Germany in the maintenance of internal and external peace.

Both speeches were received with enthusiastic cheers by the Deputies.

SPAIN.

REPUBLICAN DEMONSTRATION.

A grand Republican demonstration will be made here to-morrow in honor of the victory of the revolution of '66. The national flag will be hoisted, and the remains of illustrious Spaniards will be carried in procession through the streets and deposited in the edifice with appropriate ceremonies. Disturbances are apprehended which the government is taking precautions to prevent.

A COURT MARTIAL.

Gen. Pezzana has been taken to Cadix, where he will be tried by court martial.

SWEARING ALLEGIANCE.

MADRID, June 22.—The Republican members of the Cortes are about to issue a manifesto advising all their supporters to swear allegiance to the constitution as positively required so to do. The clergy consider it their policy to reject the oath as a body.

A QUIET AFFAIR.

The Republican demonstration to-day was quite large, and passed off quietly.

NASHVILLE.

Railroad Coalition—A Nice Little Game—Attorney General Tuttle At-Law Editor of the State Canvass—Corporation Receiver.

NASHVILLE, June 22.—There appears to be a coalition among a number of Tennessee railroads deeply indebted to the State to refuse to pay interest on the bonds loaned them under July, hoping that as the Controller will not be able to pay the semi-annual interest on the State debt they will be able to buy up the coupons at a heavy discount and pay them instead of the interest. Controller Blackburn has to-day issued an order to all revenue collectors to receive from railroads nothing but money. This will probably block the game. There can be no doubt but that the finances of Tennessee are in a very bad condition.

Attorney General Tuttle, of the Criminal Court, attacked Geo. Gresham, editor of the State Journal, the recently established Stokes organ, in the office of the latter. Tuttle eluded him and a rough and tumble fight ensued, in which neither was hurt. The parties were arrested. The prosecution on the part of Tuttle was an article in the Journal of Monday calling him a scoundrel. The affair was quite comical, and created considerable merriment.

The gubernatorial canvass is going on without much excitement. Stokes and Senter are both in the race, and will not be in Nashville before July 30.

The application of certain tax payers of Nashville for a receiver of the corporation of Nashville, is to be decided to-night. There is a good deal of excitement among property owners.

CHICAGO.

The Episcopal Church Case—Rev. Mr. Cheney Offered Trial—The Charges and Specifications.

CHICAGO, June 22.—A few days since Bishop Whitehouse appointed Rev. G. T. Cushman, of Princeton; Rev. B. T. Sweet, of Chicago, and Judge L. E. Otis, layman of this city, to examine the case of Rev. Chas. E. Cheney. That committee performed the duty assigned and made a presentment which was served on Mr. Cheney the same day. He is cited to trial on the 21st of July in the Bishop's Cathedral church, corner Washington and Peoria streets. The trial will be public in its character. Bishop Whitehouse has furnished the following list of eight clergymen from which Mr. Cheney can select three or five to sit as assessors or judges in the trial: Rev. Dr. Pierce, of Springfield; Rev. Mr. Corbett, of Quincy; Rev. Mr. Benson, of Peoria; Rev. Mr. Chase, of Joliet College; Rev. Dr. Boyle, of Peoria; Rev. Mr. Benedict, of Peoria; Rev. Mr. Snyder, of Chicago, and Rev. C. Abbott, of Alton.

Three of the leading rectors in this city, Rev. Dr. Rhyland, Rev. Dr. Carver and Rev. Dr. Lock, are on the standing Committee of Diocese, and are thereby excluded from being assessors, as they will be called upon, if Mr. Cheney is found guilty, to fix the punishment. The position of one of the assessors was offered to the Rev. Mr. Trinity, but from the fact that he has but just obtained a residence he felt it his duty to decline the place. Mr. W. Fuller has been retained by Mr. Cheney as counsel.

The charges against Mr. Cheney are three in number. First: Violation of article 7th of the constitution of the church, which requires every minister to pledge to conform to the mode of worship as set forth in the prayer book. Second: Violation of article 8th of the constitution of the church, which requires every minister to administer the sacrament according to the office or form set forth in the prayer book. Third: Violation of article 9th of the constitution of the church, which requires every minister to administer the sacrament and sacrament as they are set forth and received by the Protestant Episcopal church. The specifications are that he omits the words regenerate and regeneration in the baptismal service, and makes other variations from the Book of Common Prayer.

GEORGIA.

The Supreme Court Defines the Social Status of the Negro.

ATLANTA, June 22.—The Supreme Court of Georgia to-day decided that the Code of Georgia, which prohibits marriage between white persons and persons of African descent, and declares such marriages null and void, is not in violation of the constitution. It is inconsistent with that part of the constitution which declares the social status of citizens shall never be the subject of legislation. That the constitution actually denies to the Legislature the power to pass laws in regard to social status, or compelling the two races to intermarry, and that the laws then in existence allowed churches for instance to determine for themselves who should occupy their seats and where they should stand, and that the constitution actually denies to the Legislature the power to pass laws in regard to social status, or compelling the two races to intermarry, and that the laws then in existence allowed churches for instance to determine for themselves who should occupy their seats and where they should stand, and that the constitution actually denies to the Legislature the power to pass laws in regard to social status, or compelling the two races to intermarry, and that the laws then in existence allowed churches for instance to determine for themselves who should occupy their seats and where they should stand, and that the constitution actually denies to the Legislature the power to pass 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Square, first insertion, \$1.00
Next five insertions, each, 75c
One week, 50c
One month, 35c
Three months, 25c
Six months, 20c
One year, 15c
Two lines solid space, or their equivalent in space, 50c
Advertisements on first and third pages 25% per cent additional.
Advertisements inserted every other day 25 per cent additional.
Advertisements inserted at intervals, 30% per cent additional.
Advertisements to occupy fixed places, 50 per cent additional.
Double column advertisements, 25 per cent additional.
All transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.
Transient advertisements, \$1 per square for each insertion.
"Wants," "For Rent," "For Sale," etc., 50c per line for each insertion of five lines.
"Town Topics," 20 cents per line; Local, in black letter, 10 cents per line, and City Items 10 cents per line for each insertion of advertisement.
All advertisements, except for established business houses, with whom we have running accounts, must be paid for in advance.

LOUISVILLE.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 23, 1899.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

MASSACHUSETTS.

PEACE JUBILEE ASSOCIATION.

Programme to be Repeated.

Benefit of Mr. P. S. Gilmore.

Death of Seth E. Sprague.

Twelve Lumbermen Poisoned.

Grand Trial of the Harvesting Machines.

Boston, July 22.

The Executive Committee of the Peace Jubilee Association have this evening decided to repeat the grand popular programme, of the 17th of June, for the personal benefit of the proprietor, Mr. P. S. Gilmore, at the Coliseum, on Tuesday next. The full orchestra and chorus outside of Phillips, Parson, Rosa, Ole Bull and others will be present. This is done in obedience to a general demand and in appreciation of Mr. Gilmore's great services to art and to this city.

Seth E. Sprague, for twenty-five years clerk of the United States District Court of this district, died to-day of consumption.

The Fredericktown, N. B. Farmer relates that twelve men, lumbering on Fish river lakes, in the northern part of New England, were recently poisoned to death by drinking tea in which a lizard had been boiled.

AMHERST, MASS., JUNE 22.

A grand trial of mowers, reapers and hay-making machines, under the auspices of the New England Agricultural Society, commenced to-day on the grounds of the State College. Twenty-seven machines entered. The exhibition continues four days.

Boston, June 23.

The vote on the annexation of Dorchester to Boston was as follows: Boston 3,420 to 565; Dorchester 928 to 726. The act takes effect on the first day of next year.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., JUNE 23.

The prize fight yesterday, on the outskirts of the town, between King and St. Lawrence, was broken up by the police. Three hundred spectators, one-third of whom were women, witnessed the affair.

NEW YORK.

INTERVIEW BETWEEN EX-MINISTER WEBB AND SECY FISH.

Webb Denounces the Brazilian Government.

Thinks a Thrashing Would Do Them Good.

An Apology Expected of the Brazilian Government.

NEW YORK, JUNE 23.

The steamship Arizona, from Aspinwall, arrived.

It is stated that ex-Minister Webb had an interview yesterday with Secretary Fish on the Brazilian Government. He denounces the authorities there, and says they have no more respect for the United States than for Hayti. He thinks we ought to give them a good thrashing in consequence. It is understood that the President fully indorses the course pursued by Mr. Webb. It appears that he was simply carrying out the instructions given him by Mr. Seward. It is presumed that the Brazilian Government will make ample apology to our government on the arrival of Mr. Blow, Mr. Webb's successor.

NEW YORK, JUNE 23.

The steamship Arizona has arrived with \$123,500 treasure.

Accounts from Tacna, Peru, represent that place as being depopulated by the yellow fever.

The town of David, Cherique, has been visited by an earthquake. The small-population is fearfully raging there.

The storm at Valparaiso damaged the government buildings to the amount of \$100,000.

M. Valenciano, representative of the Cuban republicans, was much feted at Lima.

Henry C. Drest, charge d'affaires of the United States at Lima, is acting in the absence of Minister Hovey.

ST. LOUIS.

THE DONALDSON MURDER CASE.

Arguments of the Counsel Commenced.

Congressional Excursion on the Pacific Railroad.

Heavy Subscription to a Railroad.

St. Louis, June 23.

Col. Slayback spoke seven hours in the Donaldson case, closing about midnight. He analyzed the testimony closely, and argued that the testimony of Ray and Glover was made up to cover up their own bloody deed. He dwelt long on the testimony of Glover, and argued that the (Glover) committed the murder. Judge Lackland is speaking this morning.

The Kansas Pacific Railroad Company have invited the railroad committees of the Senate and House of Representatives to make an excursion over their road.

Several of the committee have accepted the invitations, and others will probably do so. The excursionists are expected to arrive here on Monday next. The programme will include a visit to Iron Mountain, Pilot Knob, and other granite regions of Southeastern Missouri, and a trip to Sheridan, the present terminus of the Kansas Pacific Railroad, stopping probably at Kansas City to witness the bridge celebration at that point on the 3d of July. From Sheridan the party will go to Denver thence to Cheyenne and return via Omaha.

The City Council of Quincy, Ill., have voted \$250,000 dollars to the Quincy & Nebraska Railroad, and private parties have subscribed \$100,000.

MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON BASE-BALL CLUBS.

Annual Meeting of the Curling Convention.

Baltimore, June 22.

The second of a series of match games, played this afternoon between the Maryland Club, of Baltimore, and the Olympics, of Washington, for the championship of the South, now held by the former club, resulted in favor of the Maryland by the score of 31 to 13. The Maryland play the Red Stockings, of Cincinnati, Thursday.

The third annual meeting of the National Curling Convention was held here to-day. After the usual preliminary business, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, David Bell, of Buffalo; Vice Presidents, Alex. Daly, of New York, John Stephens, of Jersey City; Secretary and Treasurer, George Macone, of Buffalo. Patterson, N. J., was selected as the next place of holding the annual meeting. George Macone was presented with a valuable watch and the surplus funds of the convention. The members of the convention will play a game of quills at Fort Erie to-morrow.

MEMPHIS.

Convention of States in Regard to Chinese Emigration.

The Mississippi Railroad to be Pushed Through.

Memphis, June 23.

A convention of citizens of West Tennessee, North Alabama, Mississippi and Arkansas has been called to meet here on the 30th to take measures to secure the introduction of Chinese emigrants.

A. S. Mitchell, President of the Mississippi River railroad, advises for the grading of the same from Memphis to Covington. The indications are that the work will be pushed forward at an early day.

Williams, late registrar, has sued out an injunction against being molested by Baughner, recently appointed in his stead.

CHICAGO.

Heavy Diamond Robbery.

Chicago, June 23.

The jewelry store of Wm. J. D. Mayo, on the corner of Madison and State streets, was robbed during the day yesterday of a case of diamond rings, containing 56 in number. The rings were in the show-case, and were not missed until the hour of closing. \$1,000 reward is offered for their recovery.

Twelve thousand dollars have been raised in this city for the benefit of the newsboys' home.

EUROPE.

Memorial from Cotton Growers.

LONDON, JUNE 23.

A deputation of gentlemen representing the Lancashire cotton trade have united in a request to the Duke of Argyll to obtain the government's assistance in the production of cotton in the British colonies. They set forth that there is great depression in the trade at present, and show that relief can only be had by the government's tendering aid to enable India to develop the growing of cotton so as to compete with the United States.

Great precautions are being taken by the authorities at Naples. Turin and Milan are to guard against outbreaks, which are daily expected. The revolutionists are exciting disturbances. There have been several arrests made at Genoa.

PARIS, JUNE 23.—Advices have been received from the Great Eastern up to Tuesday at noon. She was 174 miles from Brest paying out cable nicely. Weather pleasant.

Universalist State Convention.

Augusta, Me., June 22.

The State Universalist convention met here to-day and organized by choosing Gen. S. A. Hensley president. A sermon was delivered by Rev. G. H. Chapen, of Massachusetts. The convention continues through Wednesday and Thursday.

OHIO.

Republican State Convention.

COLUMBUS, JUNE 23.

The Republican State Convention was organized at the opera house at 11 o'clock to-day, Hon. Benj. Eggleston, temporary chairman. The usual committees were appointed and the convention took a recess till 1:30 p. m.

Unveiling a Monument.

Gettysburg, Pa., June 23.

Gen. Meade accepts the invitation to perform the ceremony of unveiling the monument on the first of July, with appropriate remarks. The Baltimore National Union Singing Association will be in attendance.

River and Weather.

Pittsburg, June 23.

Monongahela 8 feet. Weather clear and pleasant. Thermometer 78.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Allusions to the County Jail.

Work by the Sanitary Inspectors.

DISTRIBUTION OF DISINFECTANTS.

A meeting of the Board of Health was held last night. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Dr. O'Reilly, of special committee, reported that the committee had done its duty.

Dr. O'Reilly stated that the first principles of disinfection had been overlooked—i. e., perfect cleanliness.

Dr. O'Reilly moved that the Health Officer personally inspect the jail.

The following report of the Sanitary Inspectors of work done during the past month were then read:

HEALTH OFFICE, Louisville, Ky., June 22.

GENTLEMEN—I have the honor to submit the following reports of work done by the Sanitary Inspectors since your last meeting:

FIRST DISTRICT—DR. SHADWORTH.

No. of blocks inspected..... 19
No. of special visits..... 32
No. of notices served..... 42
No. of patients sent to pest-house..... 2
No. of vaccinations..... 1
No. of houses disinfected..... 8
No. of market-houses inspected..... 2
No. of meat stores inspected..... 9
No. of stockyards inspected..... 2
No. of indigent sick visited..... 1
No. of indigent sick prescribed for at office..... 9

SECOND DISTRICT—DR. WHITE.

No. of blocks inspected..... 36
No. of special visits..... 34
No. of notices served..... 29
No. of patients sent to pest-house..... 4
No. of vaccinations..... 4
No. of houses disinfected..... 4
No. of market-houses inspected..... 2
No. of meat stores inspected..... 2
No. of indigent sick visited..... 15
No. of indigent sick prescribed for at office..... 15

THIRD DISTRICT—DR. REYNOLDS.

No. of blocks inspected..... 13
No. of special visits..... 20
No. of notices served..... 33
No. of patients sent to pest-house..... 6
No. of vaccinations..... 6
No. of houses disinfected..... 6
No. of market-houses inspected..... 9
No. of meat stores inspected..... 9
No. of indigent sick visited..... 4
No. of indigent sick prescribed for at office..... 4

FOURTH DISTRICT—DR. ROGERS.

No. of blocks inspected..... 51
No. of special visits..... 28
No. of notices served..... 2
No. of patients sent to pest-house..... 2
No. of vaccinations..... 2
No. of houses disinfected..... 13
No. of market-houses inspected..... 21
No. of meat stores inspected..... 21
No. of indigent sick visited..... 47
No. of indigent sick prescribed for at office..... 47

CONDEMNED—One barrel of beef and a quantity of vegetables.

In addition to this work, the Sanitary Inspectors have inspected all the public places in the city.

Very respectfully,

ALEX. PENNY, M. D., Health Officer.

ST. JOHN'S DAY.

Arrangements for the Masonic Celebration at New Albany.

The committees from the different Masonic bodies in this city met at the Temple last night to complete arrangements for the celebration at New Albany.

The following is announced as the programme: The various Masonic bodies will assemble punctually at 7 o'clock Thursday morning at Masonic Temple.

The procession will start as follows, under the direction of Chief Marshal, Sir Knight E. Barrow, assisted by Brothers C. E. Dunn, Julius Dorn, H. H. Neal, L. Ross and C. C. Adams:

Philharmonic Band.

Blue Lodges.

Royal Arch Chapters.

Lodges of Perfection and Scottish Rite Masons of all grades.

Knights Templar, mounted.

Carriages.

Sir Knights will form on Green street.

The procession will start at 8 o'clock over the following line of march:

Out Fourth to Chestnut, down Chestnut to Seventh, in Seventh to Main, and down Main to Twelfth street, where cars will be in readiness to convey to Portland.

Adolescents and families of Masons desiring to attend the celebration are requested to be at the corner of Twelfth and Rowan streets at 8 o'clock, where the following committee will see them properly cared for:

Bro. J. C. Parnell, from Abraham Lodge.

Bro. W. A. Warner, from Clarke Lodge.

Bro. C. E. Foley, from Mount Moriah Lodge.

Bro. C. P. Wood, from Louisville Lodge.

Bro. August Pargny, from St. George Lodge.

Bro. Chas. G. Davidson, from Falls City Lodge.

Bro. R. W. Wood, from Louisville Lodge.

Bro. E. A. Wood, from Union Lodge of Perfection.

Whitman, from Louisville Commandery.

Bro. Wm. Crome, from DeMolay Commandery.

Members of all committees will be known by the following badge: Color, orange, inscribed with the words "Ladies' Reception Committee." Committee will procure badges at Wm. C. Munger's, corner Third and Jefferson, and are requested to wear them promptly at 7 o'clock.

Ladies will wear rosettes of the following colors:

Those of Master Masons, blue.

Those of Royal Arch Chapters, red.

Those of Scottish Rite, scarlet, in the form of a triangle.

Those of Knights Templar, black and white.

Each Mason on arrival at New Albany will be furnished by the New Albany brethren with a badge which will entitle him to the hospitalities of the day.

All Masons must be properly clothed or they will not be recognized. Members accompanying their families will govern themselves accordingly.

All Masons are fraternally invited to attend.

One day last week, says the Demopolis Republican, an individual of the African persuasion entered the office of the probate judge in that city when the following dialogue ensued: "Is it de place where dey give license for to get married?" "Well, got married two years ago wid a license, and now my wife a dun run away and left me, and I want to get my name scratched off."

John H. Surratt has gone into the commission business at Baltimore.

HON. JAMES GUTHRIE.

(From the Louisville Correspondence Cincinnati Gazette, 22.)

The executors of the estate of the late Hon. James Guthrie have made a partial return of the real and personal property to the United States Assessor, showing the following distribution:

Mary Cooper, daughter..... \$108,438
Anna A. Guthrie, daughter..... 104,997
Sallie Julia Smith, daughter..... 112,607
J. Guthrie, son..... 12,880
Ten grandchildren, \$14,000 each..... 140,000
Polly Pugh, aged 90, annuity, \$75..... 750
Total..... \$369,622

The property in the above return, distributed to Mr. Guthrie's grandchildren and his aunt, was returned to them in the will, as also a portion of the real estate to Mrs. Caperton Mrs. Caldwell. The remainder of the property, personal and real, was divided equally between the three daughters of Mr. Guthrie. The personality comprises all that was left by Mr. Guthrie of much importance. The principal part of the real estate is yet undivided and will be returned when the executors can obtain reliable information as to its value, location, etc. The real estate returned embraced three tracts and several parcels, making in all not less than four squares in the city of Louisville, and 17,437 1/2 acres of land in Texas. The devise to the grandchildren was almost exclusively stocks and bonds in the Jeffersonville, Madison, and Indianapolis railroad, being about \$300,000 worth at par value. Besides the stocks and bonds given to the grandchildren, the following were divided equally between the three daughters of Mr. Guthrie:

20 Louisville Cement Company Bonds..... \$20,000
20 Shares do. stock..... 200
20 Shares Louisville & Nashville Railroad..... 2,312
40 Shares Louisville & F. R. preferred stock..... 4,080
150 Shares Transfer Company..... 15,000
2,347 Shares Louisville & Nashville Railroad..... 234,700
186 1/2 Shares Savings Bank of Louisville..... 18,666
25 Shares Louisville Cement Company (\$14,000)..... 25,000
Total..... \$343,278

MONEY AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE EXPRESS, Wednesday, June 23, 1899.

There is an evident inclination upon the part of consumers to confine themselves to current wants. The local trade is fair, with little speculative feeling and prices are steady.

COUNTRY PRODUCE—The receipts are sufficient for the demand. Hay is dull and prices irregular. Corn is somewhat active and prices are firm. Butter, cheese and apples are quiet and steady.

COTTON YARN—Is advancing in price, and trade is moderately active. We quote No. 500 at 19a21c; 600 at 17a19c; 700 at 15c.

FLOUR—There is a good demand for home consumption, and a few shipments to interior points are noted. Quotations are unchanged and steady. We note sales of 400 bbls, all grades, from \$144 25c for fine to \$175 50c for extra.

GROCERIES—We note receipts of new wheat in Nashville fully a week ago. In other articles of this department there is a moderate article of trade. We note sales of 200 bush rye at \$1 25; 500 bush corn at 60c from store, and 10c bush do at 80c from store. Rye has advanced.

PROVISIONS—We note sales of 25 bags Rio coffee, and 4 hds choice N. O. sugar at our quotations. We quote choice New Orleans sugar at 15a16c. Coffee—Rio, choice, 25a26c; do prime, 24a25c; do fair, 22a23 1/2c.

TRADE—Arrivals of new wheat are steady. Hay—We note sales of 30 bales at \$20 on wharf. The market is dull and irregular.

PROVISIONS—There is some animation in this department, and prices are firm and unchanged. We note sales of 22 casks of clear sides at 12a13 1/2c; 105 lbs mess pork at \$33 00a34 00; 41 tierces fancy sugar-cured hams at 19a20c.

LEAF TOBACCO—There is continued animation in this department, and sales at the various warehouses amount to 304 hds, with 15 rejections on bids, as follows:

The Boone house sold 64 hds at \$5 40 for trash to 17 50 for Trimble county cutting leaf.

The Louisville house sold 71 hds at \$4 60 for trash and \$11 50 for Ballard county leaf. The Planters' house sold 25 hds at \$7 for lungs and \$10 25 for common leaf.

Range of bids—1 hhd at \$17 50; 1 at \$16; 1 at \$15 25; 1 at \$11 50; 18 at \$10a 10 75; 38 at \$9a9 90; 25 at \$8a8 90; 48 at \$7a7 90; 25 at \$6a6 90; 2 at \$5a5 80; 1 at \$4 60.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, JUNE 23—12 M.

COTTON—Dull and nominal; good middling 31 1/2c.

GRAIN—Quiet but steady.

GROCERIES—Sugar and coffee quiet but steady.

WHEAT—Lined oil dull and nominal at \$1 60a1 65c. Petroleum dull and nominal at 16a17c for crude and 18a19c refined.

WHEAT—Active at full prices.

GRAIN—Wheat has advanced. No. 2 spring sold at \$1 55; No. 3, 1 45c. Corn 2 spring sold at 20c higher. Oats very firm; held at 8c.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork and lard quiet but steady.

HOGS—Live hogs steady at 9a9 1/2c.

CATTLE—Markets quiet.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, JUNE 23—12 M.

WHEAT—Firm.

GRAIN—Wheat firm; No. 2 spring \$1 28a 1 28 1/2c. Corn irregular; No. 2 is salable at 22c. Oats nominal at 22c. Rye and barley unchanged.

LIVE HOGS—Extra heavy, 9a9 1/2c; good, 8a8 1/2c; mixed, 7a7 1/2c.

WHEAT—Active at full prices.

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WHEAT—Firm.

GRAIN—Wheat firm; No. 2 spring \$1 28a 1 28 1/2c. Corn irregular; No. 2 is salable at 22c. Oats nominal at 22c. Rye and barley unchanged.

LIVE HOGS—Extra heavy, 9a9 1/2c; good, 8a8 1/2c; mixed, 7a7 1/2c.

WHEAT—Active at full prices.

GRAIN—Wheat has advanced. No. 2 spring sold at \$1 55; No. 3, 1 45c. Corn 2 spring sold at 20c higher. Oats very firm; held at 8c.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork and lard quiet but steady.

HOGS—Live hogs steady at 9a9 1/2c.

CATTLE—Markets quiet.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, JUNE 23—12 M.

WHEAT—Firm.

GRAIN—Wheat firm; No. 2 spring \$1 28a 1 28 1/2c. Corn irregular; No. 2 is salable at 22c. Oats nominal at 22c. Rye and barley unchanged.

LIVE HOGS—Extra heavy, 9a9 1/2c; good, 8a8 1/2c; mixed, 7a7 1/2c.

WHEAT—Active at full prices.

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